

Like Napoleon, I have always had a great contempt for women. Give a woman a fine dress, a looking-glass, and a few sugar-plums, and she will be quite satisfied.—Lord Byron.

It is strange how a bad man will hate those from whom he receives the greatest benefits. But for Josephine, even the wonderful genius of Napoleon, in all probability, could not have elevated him; and after he had abandoned her, and taken another wife, her counsels were of great value to him. When banished to St. Helena she would have accompanied him, and ministered to him, though all the world beside had deserted him forever. Yet he could have a great contempt for woman.

Byron never thought of woman but to pollute and destroy; and after he had been morally and physically debased, a virtuous wife would have redeemed and saved him, had not his descent into guilt, and his vitiated appetites, rendered him incapable of taking pleasure in the love of a good woman, or of conforming to the heaven-sanctioned restraints of a peaceful home.

Napoleon and Byron holding woman in contempt!

A DUEL, BUT NOT FATAL.—Yesterday morning Mr. Arthur Hoce, of this city, and Mr. A. J. Dallas, a clerk in the Treasury Department, met in the bar-room of the National Hotel, and would have drank together in the company of other gentlemen, had not Mr. H. declined, and alleged for his reason that Mr. D. was not a gentleman. Mr. D. adopted the time-honored prescription to prove that he was a gentleman, and struck Mr. H. with his cane. Mr. H. returned the blow with dexterity, but they were soon parted.

In a little while after they met in front of the hotel, when Mr. D. again struck Mr. H., whereupon the latter gentleman turned upon him, and, after a fight of several minutes, gave him the worst of it. This fight was rendered very interesting by the fact that it occurred just after the morning service was over in the churches, and when many ladies and gentlemen were returning to their homes; and hence attracted a very large congregation.

In the afternoon Mr. D., as is understood, challenged Mr. H., and both parties left the city. They were, however, followed by Mr. P. H. Hoce, and other gentlemen of the city, who had heard of the affair, and who, it is probable, gave information to the authorities at Bladenburg. In doing this, they performed the duty of good men and good citizens, and we respect them for it.

The combatants were arrested at or near Bladenburg, and taken before a magistrate, who bound them over to keep the peace. And thus has ended the duel.

As Messrs. Dallas and Hoce are educated gentlemen, respectively connected, and occupying favorable positions in life, we have thought it prudent to make no comments upon the affair we have related; but when a couple of poor, ignorant, friendless devils, in imitation of them, shall desecrate the Sabbath in the streets of the city, and swear, and fight, and gouge, and repair beyond the District line to end the difficulty, shall we not pounce down upon them? Certainly we shall, and that without mercy. We will raise our eyes toward the clouds, and lift up our hands and declaim against the spirit of rowdiness, and declare that the right of universal suffrage and the spirit of republican equality is ruining society, and that gentlemen who have much at stake in the country are in peril! Depend upon it, our wrath will be all the warmer for the remembrance of the past outrage, which we very well know it would not be politic in us to denounce.

Later.—We learn that with the principals, Dr. Powhatan Jordan, the second of Mr. Dallas, and Col. M. Thompson, the second of Mr. Hoce, were arrested and held to bail in Prince George's county. On their return to this city, Mr. Dallas and the two seconds were arrested and taken before Justice Morsell, who required them to give bail in the sum of five thousand dollars each. Mr. Pollard Webb became the surety for Col. Thompson, but at about half past one o'clock, while Mr. Dallas and Dr. Jordan were awaiting the arrival of their friends, the former resolved upon substituting leg-bail, but after running a couple of squares, officer Davis overtook him, and served upon him his writ of *ne exeat*. This is our latest account.

All the merchants on Roanoke Square, and a number in other parts of the city, yesterday signed an agreement to close their stores at six o'clock in the afternoon, from June 1 to June 15.—*Norfolk Beacon* of Saturday.

If they can get through their work in time, why not? Merchants and their clerks work too hard in busy seasons, and should have some relaxation when the state of trade admits of it. Storekeepers elsewhere should consider this.

FIRE.—A fire occurred somewhere down the river last night. The *Perseverance* and Franklin engines went down to Alexandria, but could go no farther. The impression there was that the fire was at or near Fort Washington, nine miles below. Our companies did not return to Washington until this morning. The Northern Liberties reel also went down.

THE COSTUME REFORM.—We perceive by the foreign news that the Queen of Spain was so unfortunate as to break her leg in descending from her carriage. This would not have occurred, in all probability, but for the long skirts of her dress. They are dangerous and often embarrassing things.

"LET EVERY MAN BRING HIS MAN."—We suggested the other day that each of the readers of the *Telegraph*, whose friendship we had secured, might, through his influence, add another name to our list. Several have done so; and one entirely disinterested gentleman has just handed the names of five of his neighbors.

MUSIC AND FUN are to begin at Odd-Fellows' Hall to-night. The New Orleans Opera Troupe are about.

The riches of California are not confined to gold. The last accounts state that an oyster-bed has been found between Cape St. Lucas and San Diego. A vessel recently brought to San Francisco 80,000 oysters, put up in jars, from this bed.

HARMONY AND SMOKE.—There was a splendid collection of people at the President's gardens on Saturday evening, and the band "discoursed most eloquent music." His excellency the President promenaded the grounds with a lady upon his arm, and appeared to enjoy the scene finely.

We observed, however, with much regret, that quite a number of most gentlemanly looking persons were puffing cigars, to the very serious annoyance of many others. We do not wish to abridge the political, civil or social rights of any freeman, but hope that gentlemen will, of their own free will and accord, dispense with the luxury of smoking on such occasions in future. If gentlemen introduce a rowdy practice here, rowdies will take the field and beat them at it—the privilege of promenading the grounds and hearing the music will be abused and then discontinued—and we shall no longer see and hear the beautiful of our cities, who now by their presence add charms even to the voice of music itself.

THE SUN ENGINE COMPANY, of Alexandria, a new organization of firemen, made a handsome appearance in our streets this morning. They were dressed in a becoming uniform, and accompanied by a fine band of music. Their new apparatus reached our city from Baltimore by the forenoon train, and the object of their visit was to receive it at the depot and convey it to Alexandria. The bell of the *Perseverance* company was rung to their honor, and they and the new and beautiful piece of machinery were much admired.

LOCUST GROVE.—Mr. Holden, the proprietor of this new place of attraction, intends opening it to-morrow evening for the first time. A variety of specimens of pyrotechny will be exhibited, ice creams and all other temperate or temperance refreshments will be provided. Liquors are, of course, "out of season." A collection will be taken up during the entertainment to assist the proprietor in perfecting his arrangements to cater for the "lovers of rational amusement."

We refer to his advertisement.

A GANG OF JUVENILES.—Officers Handy, Wollard, Barnack, Boss, and Davis, yesterday entered the several avenues leading into the space in the rear of Temperance Hall, where a large party of wicked boys have for a good while been in the habit of behaving very badly on Sunday; and they caught Wilkinson G. Williams, Wm. Hutchins, John Roberts, Joseph Crider, and John Conner, young gentlemen who pitch pennies, and fight and break the Sabbath and each others' heads. Security for good behaviour, and costs to the amount of a dollar, were exacted of each.

A GROWING CITY.—It is estimated by competent judges, that one thousand good houses will be built in Washington during the present summer.

THE NEW CONSTITUTION IN MARYLAND.—The controversy among the people relative to the adoption of this is waxing warm. A writer in the *Baltimore Argus* thus enumerates some of the advantages it will confer upon the people:

The right to elect for themselves four Judges of the Court of Appeals!

The right to elect for themselves the Judges of the County or Circuit Courts!

The right to elect for themselves the Judges of the Orphans' Courts!

The right to elect for themselves their Justices of the Peace!

The right to elect for themselves the Supervisors of Roads!

The right to elect for themselves their Prosecuting Attorneys!

The right to elect for themselves their Constables!

The right to elect for themselves their own agents in the works of Internal Improvements!

The right to elect for themselves a Comptroller of the State!

The right to elect for themselves their own Clerks of the Courts!

The right to elect for themselves their own Registers of Wills!

The right to elect for themselves in the city of Baltimore a Criminal Judge!

The same paper, in reply to the objections made to the "homestead exemption" feature, quotes the words of the instrument as follows:

"Laws shall be passed by the Legislature to protect from execution a reasonable amount of the property of a debtor, not exceeding in value the sum of five hundred dollars."

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.—Boston, May 24.—The Legislature is busy to-day finishing the business of the session. The bill for aiding the Portland and Halifax Railway is laid over till the next Legislature. The bill renouncing the seat of government to Worcester has been laid on the table.

FIRE.—Philadelphia, May 25, 10 p. m.—A large three-story stone flouring mill, owned by the city, situated near the Schuylkill, between Chesnut and Market streets, was destroyed by fire at 3 o'clock this morning. Loss \$30,000; insurance \$8,000. Five frame dwellings and three shops in Richmond were also destroyed by fire, at 2 o'clock this morning.

CITY WATCH-HOUSE.—The watch-house had fifteen persons in it from Saturday evening to Sunday evening. James Selden, a white boy, was found by officer Lynch and a watchman, on Saturday night, in a very bad company, and pursuing very wicked practices. He paid costs and gave security for future good behavior. Eliza Lee and Henrietta King, sable wench, were paid the same penalty. Elizabeth Talbot, equally dark, was sent to the workhouse. John Prosser, found drunk, was sent down for sixty days.

Messrs. Robinson and Eckton, young gentlemen, hired a buggy from Mr. Jeffers, near the Navy Yard, yesterday, and last night became stalled in a pile of bricks at the corner of Seventh street and Louisiana avenue, where they were found by the Mayor of the city a little before 11 o'clock. They were rescued by a few watchmen, who took the abused horse and broken buggy to Mr. Pomphrey's stables, and the gentlemen to the watch-house, whence they were permitted to depart as soon as sober. They no doubt feel badly to-day, but the buggy looks most sorry.

Officer Martin last night arrested Alexander Earp for trying to force open the door to Copp's bar-room, and Michael Tooney for keeping him company. He put Earp in the watch-house first, but while he was trying to get Tooney in, Earp got out through the window and departed. We have quite a watch-house in Washington!

EARLY DEVELOPMENTS IN OREGON.—A late Oregonian has the following in the marriage list: "On the 6th instant, by D. R. Williams, Adam Wimple to Mary Allen, both of Tualatin. The bride is in her 18th year."

ARRIVAL OF THE BALTIC.

New York, May 24.—6 p. m.—The steamer *Baltic* arrived at 6 o'clock, bringing four days later intelligence from Liverpool.

In Portugal matters are quiet. Accounts from the Cape of Good Hope state that the Kaffir war is still raging. It is reported that the King of Naples is dead.

Letters from Australia state that Smith O'Brien has appealed to the English Government in reference to the petty tyranny practised upon him by the provincial authorities.

ENGLAND.—The proceedings in Parliament are unimportant.

The World's Fair progresses satisfactorily. The West India mail steamer *Great Western* arrived at Southampton on Thursday, with nearly \$1,000,000 in specie and gold dust. The whole was despatched to London in four wagons. On the way three boxes, containing gold dust worth upwards of \$26,000, were stolen from one of the wagons. One box has since been recovered, worth \$6,500.

The debate on the Ecclesiastical titles bill has been deferred to the 16th ult. The property tax bill has passed the Commons. The average daily receipts of the exhibition are \$200. The steamer *City of Manchester*, to run between Philadelphia and Liverpool, is to be launched in June.

Viscount Melbourne is in such a precarious state of health that slight hopes are entertained of his recovery. Lady Franklin's vessel, *Prince Albert*, is to sail for the Arctic regions about the 15th of June.

FRANCE.—M. Dupin has been re-elected President of the Assembly, and Gen. Buge Vice-President.

The President has appointed Gen. Pelissier Governor of Algeria, in place of Gen. Hantoppe. A proposition for an income tax has been submitted in the Assembly.

It is said, in some quarters, that Louis Napoleon will soon resume his journey through the departments, and this time will proceed south. M. Leon Faucher, the Minister of the Interior, had ordered the prefects of the departments to come to Paris, and at a private meeting he developed to them a plan of the campaign in behalf of Louis Napoleon. The festival of the 4th of May had not met with much enthusiasm in the provinces. Great indifference was manifested to the display by the mayors and prefects.

ITALY.—Letters from Rome to May 1st say that the president of the Propaganda, Cardinal Franzoni, has just issued an appeal to all Italy, calling on all good Catholics to subscribe funds for the erection of a Roman Catholic Cathedral in London. The Pope, who questioned the right of the Spanish government to sell church lands, has signed a concordat which makes such sales legal.

SPAIN.—Queen Isabella had the misfortune to break her leg in descending from her carriage at Aranjuez.

GERMANY.—Count Bille Brahe has been appointed to the Presidency of the Schleswig Holstein and Denmark Assembly.

AUSTRIA.—A uniform system of weights and measures for the whole empire occupies the attention of the Chamber of Commerce. Letters from Venice to the 6th instant, announce the arrival at that place of the King of Greece and party.

King Otto had taken up his residence in the palace of the Duke of Modena. A telegraphic despatch dated Vienna, the 7th instant, says the principal bankers of the capital, MM. Rothschild, Sina, Schup, and Koenigsberger, had a conference with Baron de Kubeck, president of the council of the empire, to come to an understanding on the final arrangements necessary to carry out the ministerial projects. The council of the empire has decided upon opposing all political measures, so long as these pecuniary embarrassments continue.

THE MOCKING-BIRD.—Several quarters of our city are now vocal with the music of these fine songsters. Many of them continue to pour forth a torrent of melody day and night, almost without intermission. The powers of imitation of these birds have not certainly been overrated. When in the right humor they will imitate all sorts of sounds, even to the crowing of a cock. If they do not succeed well the first time, they will repeat the effort, always gaining in correctness, until they master the subject—sometimes with exact truth, sometimes failing to render the notes perfectly.

But it is as composers, not as imitators, that the mocking-birds most command our admiration. There appears to be no end to their powers of combination. There is a variety and strange contrast in their song, that would be sought for in vain in any of the sounds presented for their imitation. Sometimes they will begin low down on the scale, working up the gamut, stopping here and there to throw off ad-libitum variations, then starting again, always ascending and repeating the same process. Sometimes they begin at the top of their scale and descend in like manner. At one moment they will touch a note, repeat it several times with a greater or less degree of emphasis, and then they will flat or sharp the same note after the same manner.

It would require the pen of a good musical composer to trace out in a faithful description all the phases of their song. We have often followed out forty or fifty different arrangements. Within this limit (that of our memory) we could pronounce with certainty that the same song had not been repeated. We are persuaded that there is scarcely any limit to their combinations. The lark, doubtless, surpasses them in the gushing joyousness of his note; the thrush, nightingale, and perhaps other birds in liquid sweetness. But in the variety and combination of notes, in compass and flexibility, and in marvellous facility of execution, the mocking-bird bears away the palm. Nature furnishes in the feathered tribe voices of all descriptions, that

and, by way of an excusable simile, they may be resembled in their peculiar character to those of certain prima donnas. The mocking-bird, like the matchless Catalani, unites all styles with a compass that comprehends every note, from the purest soprano down to the deepest contralto. The bird is aptly named, and its voice is wisely adjusted to its task. With sweetness alone it would be unable to render its great variety of intonations.—*Savannah Repub.*

Warble their wood-notes wild!

SEVERE STORM.—Medville, Pa., May 24.—We had one of the severest hail storms yesterday experienced for many years. Windows without number were smashed, and considerable damage has been done to the crops and fruit trees. The streams in the vicinity have been much swollen by the heavy rain, and a number of mill-dams have been carried away. French creek is now in good boating order, and a great deal of lumber is getting ready to start for Pittsburgh and other points.

MONEY RECOVERED.—CHOLERA.—Louisville, May 24.—10 p. m.—The iron safe lost on the steamer *Boston*, containing a large amount of money, has been recovered.

Five deaths from cholera occurred on board the steamer *Boston* during her trip from New Orleans to this place.

The cholera has broken out at Jerseyville, Alton, and Springfield, Illinois.

A DESCRIPTIVE NAME.—Manhattan, the name of the island on which the city of New York stands, is taken from the name given by the Indians to the original Dutch settlement, and means the place where they all got drunk.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Expressly for this paper.

BALTIMORE, May 26.—2 p. m.—Nothing done in flour; grain is unchanged.

New York, May 26.—1 p. m.—Cotton unsettled—no sales reported. Flour is in favor of sellers.

[Correspondence of the New York Tribune.]

HAVANA, Saturday, May 17.—By a vessel arrived yesterday, from Puerto Principe, we have some ten prisoners—banished from the island for supposed disaffection—and they are to be sent to Spain by the first packet, where they can be better cared for, and be less liable to give trouble. It is far better policy than trial by military commissions, and the visitations of extreme penalties.

At other points arrests have been made, not in great numbers, but enough to demonstrate that the government believe the "ever-faithful" to be slightly tainted with infidelity. But as yet there has been no action on the part of the people, although, from the bulletin of the *Union*, a Spanish paper published in New Orleans, which we received by the Ohio, there is an evident intention to induce the belief that an invasion is to take place, in the hope of exciting the native-born population to some overt act.

The 19th of this month the repulse of Lopez from Cardenas is to be honored by a grand celebration, for which the "ever faithful" citizens contribute \$4.25 each, and a monument is to be erected at the Cabanas, opposite the city of Havana, in commemoration of the event, which will also be drawn from the pockets of those who are most loyal.

Since it has been very evident that through the excesses of the Government of the United States there is no possibility of an armed expedition maturing, getting under way from your shores, the bull-dozing of loyalty have been working off, and come in from all parts of the island—from the treasury suckers of all grades, and the people under their influence.

As ever, Q. U. O.

GEORGETOWN AND ITS AFFAIRS.

GEORGETOWN, May 26.—12 m.

A number of workmen are busy this morning preparing Congress street for the reception of the new paving and curbing which were ordered some weeks ago.

The improvements that are being made at the Methodist Protestant Church are progressing rapidly, and, judging from what has already been done, it will be, when completed, one of the most beautiful places for religious worship in the town.

General Savage—of the cold water army—with a number of picked men, paid us a visit yesterday afternoon. After planting his standard about midway in High street, opposite Forest Hall, he opened a galling fire upon the army of King Alcohol.

The Young Men's Dramatic Association will give another of their interesting entertainments at Forrest Hall on Wednesday night next.

No sales of flour or grain since Saturday—consequently no changes in prices.

Canal Trade.—Lady of North Bend, 107 miles, flour, &c.; James Smithson, 23 miles, stone; Texas, Cumb., 80 tons coal; J. Panney, Harper's Ferry, 830 bbls. flour; Thomas Jefferson, 62 miles, wheat, corn, &c.; Thomas Charlton, 69 miles, 750 bbls. flour; Buena Vista, 69 miles, limestone; Catocin, 51 miles, flour, corn, &c.; Francis Thomas, Cumb., coal; John Hetzer, 99 miles, 750 bbls. flour; J. Snively, Cumb., 99 tons coal; J. P. Smart, 31 miles, 2,841 bushels corn, &c.; C. H. Obr, Cumb., 90 tons coal.

Departed.—W. C. Johnson, Potomac, Elizabeth, C. F. Mudge, Oregon, Wm. H. Harrison, Chesapeake, Susan, American Flag, J. P. Garrett, D. & H. Clagett, Experiment, El Dorado, M. Hoffman, Josephine Seaton, John Van Lear.

Arrived.—Packet steamer Columbia, Harper, Baltimore, to E. Pickrell & Co.

Sailed.—Packet steamer Statesman, Cathell, New York.

ELECTRO.

The Presbyterian *Herald* learns that the persons lately murdered on the Isthmus were the Rev. E. H. Geary and wife and three children, who were sent out by the Presbyterian Board of Missions to Oregon, from Ohio.

DEATHS.

On Friday evening last, JAMES, infant son of J. W. and Sidney E. MOREHEAD, of this city.

On Friday morning, at 5 o'clock, at Walnut Hill, Henry H. PLEASANTS, wife of Mr. Hill, Hen H. PLEASANTS.

LOST.—A DARK CANARY BIRD, with a yellow tail, escaped from its cage on Saturday last. If caught and returned to the owner, at the corner of G and Ninth streets, a suitable reward will be paid. May 26—11*

WANTED.—A situation, by a young man, who writes a good hand, as Book-keeper or Salesman in some respectable house. Having been closely confined to business for the last six years, he feels confident of giving satisfaction. Best of references given, and required. Address A. B. C., Washington post office. May 26—11*

JOSEPH WIMSATT.

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, WINES, TEAS, & LIQUORS,

Cor. of Pennsylvania Avenue and Thirtieth street, May 26 WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.

IMPORTANT DECISION.—It has been decided by numerous citizens that FRIEDMAN'S CLOTHING CO. have the largest and best selected stock of SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING in the city, to which they are constantly adding. They have also a very handsome assortment of BROWN CLOTHING, which they will sell very cheap. GREAT WESTERN CLOTHING STORE, May 26—11*

GREAT BARGAINS!

I. F. MUDD, MERCHANT TAILOR, D street, between Seventh and Eighth, has the attention of his customers and the public generally to his choice assortment of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cashmeres, and Vestings of every description—all of which he will make up to order on the most reasonable terms.

All orders punctually attended to. Making and trimming done in the best manner for those who furnish their own cloth.

Thankful to his friends for past favors, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. May 26—11*

PUBLIC GARDEN—FIREWORKS, &c.

"Locust Grove" Garden, Corner F and 20th sts.,

will be opened on Tuesday evening, the 27th inst., with a display of FIREWORKS. The garden will be illuminated, and a band of Music in attendance.

Ice Cream and other refreshments, excepting liquors, may be had. Good order will be preserved by the police.

No money will be allowed in the garden for a duplicate of the premises not being, as yet, suitably enclosed, a collection will be taken up at the conclusion of third piece of fireworks, for the benefit of the proprietor, to enable him to complete his plans for accommodating the lovers of rational amusement.

He flatters himself that he has selected the most desirable location for such an establishment, being but a short walk from Pennsylvania avenue, shady, sufficiently spacious, and overlooking the city and river.

The following are some of the specimens of Pyrotechny to be exhibited:

1—A five-pointed Star and Wheel

2—A pyramid of Roman Candles and Wheel

3—A vertical Wheel, with changes of fire

4—A Cascade of White Fire

5—A Column and Horizontal Revolving Globe of Changing Fire

6—A Battery of Ordnance

7—A Yew Tree and Vertical Wheel

8—A Carrier Pigeon

9—A Chandelier of Gerbes, Stars, and Wheels

10—A Nest of Serpents, with changes of fire

Rockets and Brilliant Light.

To commence at half-past 8 o'clock.

May 26—21

F. HOLDEN.

EMIGRATION TO AUSTRALIA.—A guide for intending emigrants to Australia has been published in England. Passages can now be obtained for £10. The writers of the guide say, "The result of our experience has been, that the majority of the passengers who have gone out in our vessels to America have been landed in better health and vigor, (under the dietary scale allowed by act of Parliament,) than when they embarked. Hence our object in reducing the expense of getting to a country like Australia, where there is the certainty of immediate employment, to a figure which will induce passengers to go there instead of seeking a new home in the far west of America."

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels, Up to 12 o'clock, m., today.

United States—A Stewart and Lady, New York; J. M. Taylor and Lady, Pennsylvania; L. Bloomer, New York; J. Bloomer, do; George Tice, do; D. G. Meade, Virginia; S. C. Swales, Georgetown college; R. L. Woglesworth, Richmond.

Lists furnished up by 12 o'clock, m., will be published correctly.

Commercial.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

Baltimore, May 24.—5 p. m.

A small sale of Howard street flour was made to-day at \$4.31 1/2. Also, one of City Mills flour, not fresh ground, at \$4.37 1/2.

NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, May 24.—6 p. m.

U. S. securities have advanced. U. S. 6's, 1867, 118 1/2.

New loan, 121 bid.

Flour is steady at previous rates. Sales of 4,500 bbls at \$4.18 1/2 @ 4.25 for State brands; \$4.00 @ 4.15 for Southern.

Rye flour, \$3.37 1/2 @ 3.44; corn meal, \$3.30 @ 3.25. Corn has declined a shade—sales of 40,000 bus at 50 1/2 for mixed, and 60 @ 60 1/2 for round yellow. Rye firm at 76 cents; oats, 47 @ 48.

Nominations and Announcements of Candidates for office are charged to other advertisements in this paper.

CITY SURVEYOR.

HENRY W. BALL, the present City Surveyor, is now before the people as a candidate for that office. If this qualifications for the office are properly appreciated, he will secure the vote of a MAJORITY.

SECOND WARD.

Messrs. Editors: Please announce the following ticket:

For Collector of Taxes—R. J. ROCHE;

For Assessor—JOHN WILSON;

For Surveyor—W. W. DE MAINE;

For Assessor—GEORGE H. PLANT;

For Assessor—W. E. HOWARD.

Common Council—GEORGE W. STEWART, NICHOLAS CALLAN, JAMES R. BARR, [May 26—MTH&S]

FOURTH WARD.

JOHN MAGUIRE is presented to the voters of the Fourth Ward as a candidate for ASSESSOR, and will be supported by

MANY VOTERS.

SECOND WARD TICKET.

For Assessor—JOHN WILSON;

Common Councilmen—NICHOLAS CALLAN, JAMES R. BARR, JON. BOWMAN;

Collector—ROBERT J. ROCHE;

Register—W. J. MCCORMICK;

Assessor—GEORGE H. PLANT;

Surveyor—HENRY W. BALL. [May 26—MTH&S]

THIRD WARD.

C. P. WANNALL is a candidate to represent this Ward in the Common Council of the city.

May 26—11

SEVENTH WARD.

JAMES PARSONS is a Candidate in this Ward for the Common Council.

May 26—11

CITY COLLECTOR.

The undersigned presents himself to the citizens of Washington as a Candidate for the office of COLLECTOR OF TAXES. It may be proper to state that, for twelve years past, the duties of his office under the Corporation have been to digest and make up from the returns of the Assessors and other sources the tax-books for the use of the Collector, from which the tax-bills are copied. The manner in which he has discharged his duties during that time is, he trusts, a sufficient guaranty to his fellow-citizens of his qualifications for the office.

W. E. HOWARD.

CITY COLLECTOR.

Messrs. Editors: You will please announce Dr. E. M. CHAPIN as a Candidate for the office of Collector of Taxes at the ensuing June election.

May 21—11

CITY COLLECTOR.